

THE CHAMPION CHRONICLE

VOLUME 14

CHAMPION, (Alberta) THURSDAY, Feb. 23, 1933

NUMBER 40

KRUSCHEN SALTS

THE NEW

GIANT SIZE

A Trial Jar with every Bottle

Buy this GIANT 2 and 1 package for 75c

The Champion Pharmacy
Phone 9
Druggists & Chemists

Sam Fong Cafe

FRIGIDAIRE ICE CREAM AND FRUIT
CIGARS CIGARETTES TOBACCOS
SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
ROOMS
Best Meals in Town Bread For Sale

Your Attention to Spring Requirements

Copper Carbonate per lb. 16c
Formaldehyde on hand next week

NAIL HAMMER
Big Value
60c

Crescent Pattern
Wrench
10 inch, each. \$1.15

Dutch Shell Tractor Oil

Weight 40, 50 and 60 at competitive prices

Champion Spark Plugs, each. 75c

We carry a complete stock of Singletrees, doubletrees, Collars, Sweet Pads, etc.

Farmer's Hardware

RES. PHONE 12 STORE PHONE 28



Champion Lodge
A.F. & A.M.
G.R.A.

Meets second Thursday in each month. Visiting brethren welcome.
J. A. LONG G. L. DUPES
W. M. Secretary.

DR. H. P. BARKER

Dental Surgeon

Graduate of Northwestern
Dental University Chicago

Savoy Hotel Champion

Every Thursday

Phone Hotel for Appointment

If you want Value
for your Money

Buy Theriault COAL

More Heat per ton
Less Ash

\$3.00 per ton at mine.

Phone 407

ERNEST RHODES, Operator.

DR. H. NEWTON HEAL

DENTAL SURGEON

In Champion Thursday

Fridays and Saturdays.

Harmony Ratepayers Turn Out in Gratifying Numbers

The annual meeting of the ratepayers of the Municipal District of Harmony was held in the community hall on Saturday, February 18th, with H. Higgins in the chair and J. W. Olin acting as secretary. The minutes of the last annual meeting were read by the secretary and accepted. Naturally the financial statement was the chief matter of discussion. In this J. W. Brown, J. B. Munson, G. Marks and Mr. Edgington led, drawing replies from A. Miller, reeve, the secretary, councillor Griffin and P. M. Patterson.

G. Marks questioned the council regarding the non-assessment of coal mines. P. M. Patterson replied stating that after investigation and by advice obtained from the Deputy Minister, it was found that there would not be sufficient revenue from assessing some to warrant action in this line. Mr. Patterson suggested, however, that with the amount of improvements now on some of the mines, it might be worth investigation.

A discussion arose over an old account of \$100 owing to the municipality by the village as account contracted over the municipal well. A motion to have this matter settled, by either having it collected or written off the books, was overruled in a show of hands. It appears that this account has caused much discussion at past meetings.

Efforts made to criticize the council in regard to the various mill rates levied on school districts brought the statement from the reeve that if the council had not carried such a policy the municipality would not have been able to grant the S. D. the requisition necessary for them to carry on. Criticism of relief expenditures brought to light the fact that over precaution had been taken by the council to assure themselves of their liability in connection with payments made.

Many other questions were answered, mostly referring to details of expenditure and the answers were evidently quite satisfactory.

A vote of Thanks to the chairman and the retiring council was tendered.

With returning officer Cain in charge, the following nominations were made at the meeting of Harmony ratepayers on Saturday.

Division 2—E. G. Nowlin, former councillor, unopposed.
Division 4—P. M. Patterson and A. J. Miller, Mr. Miller being the former reeve.

Division 5—A. Ferguson, H. J. Munson and W. A. Fitzpatrick, the latter being the retiring councillor.

Division 6—O. B. Roe and W. J. Ellis. (This is a one year term to fill vacancy caused by death of councillor J. C. Warden)

Cecil B. Smith was nominated for hospital representative and was unopposed.

The election will be held on Saturday February 25th, the poll for Div. 4 being in Yale school, the poll for Div. 5 being in Marshall school and for Div. 6 in the residence of Bruce Roe. The polls will be open from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Frank Smith, who has been confined to his bed for the past six weeks, is recovering.

Old Timer Passes Away

The late Jackson Napoleon Beaubier was born in Florence, Ontario, on July 14th, 1859. In 1884, he moved with his parents to Grand Lodge, Michigan, where he was educated, graduating from the Olivet College. He spent twenty-five years in the teaching profession in North Dakota and Michigan, later homesteading in Harvey, N. D.

In 1905 he came to Alberta where he has resided ever since. In 1918 he was united in marriage to Mrs. Ella Westland.

Always apparently in robust health when he was taken ill in December 1931 his condition was not regarded as serious for a time but as time went on it was apparent that ultimate recovery was impossible and he passed away on Monday, February 20, in his 74th year.

During his residence here he had taken an active part in everything pertaining to the welfare of the town and district. He was also prominent in Masonic, Odd Fellow and O. E. S. circles, being a member of the Masonic order for forty years. He made many friends, all of whom he retained and his removal will be the cause of wide-spread and lasting regret.

He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Beaubier, prominent in O. E. S. and W. I. circles, and four sisters: Mrs. J. Barker, Champion; Mrs. William McRoberts, Mrs. W. W. Gerrard of Flint, Michigan; and Mrs. Frank Cooper of Belleville, Michigan.

Funeral service was held in the Community Hall on Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, and the remains were shipped to Hallowell, North Dakota for burial in the family plot, accompanied by Mrs. Beaubier and Mrs. Barker. There was a large turnout of old time friends and the beautiful tribute of flowers represented nearly every family in the community as well as dozens of friends living outside. Rev. Dawson officiated at the service with members of the O. E. S. taking charge of part of the ceremony.

Mrs. Beaubier and Mrs. Barker have the sincere sympathy of the community in their bereavement.

Burglars Loot Campbell's Store

Campbell's store was broken into Monday night, entrance being gained through the front door, and goods to the estimated value of \$30 taken. The thieves evidently took their time and picked out just what they wanted. The police were notified as soon as the burglary was discovered and Constable Forsland was on the ground shortly after, but as far as is known no satisfactory clues as to the identity of the burglars were evident.

Looking Good

G. L. Dupes returned home Friday having recovered from his recent operation. While in the hospital Mr. Dupes was re-elected mayor of Champion. Mr. Dupes has guided the village affairs for the past three years very satisfactorily and his return to office is generally appreciated by the ratepayers.

Severe Shaking up in Car Accident

A nasty accident occurred on the gravel highway between Vulcan and Champion on Monday night, when the car driven by Mr. Fred Kremer of the Hudson Bay Oil Co. overturned. Mr. Kremer was uninjured, while Mrs. Kremer and Mrs. Asken, of Nohelior, other occupants of the car, received a severe shaking up. The car was damaged considerably. Help was obtained from a passing motorist and the car was towed to Vulcan for repairs. The passengers were conveyed to Champion.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Ohlbeiser motored to Brant this week visiting with their daughters Edna and Eva.

K. R. McLean, R.O. of McLean, and Anderson, Sight Specialist of 224 8th Ave West, Calgary, will make his monthly visit to Champion, Friday, Feb. 24th at the Drug Store.

Champion United Church
Rev. Peter Dawson, Minister
Sunday, February 26th

Blessed Morning Worship, 11.30 a.m.

Yestwood Divine Service, 3.00 p.m.
Champion Sunday School, 11.00 a.m.
Champion Evening Worship at 7.30
Subject, "The Problem of Suffering."

HERBERT J. MABER

SOLICITOR, BARRISTER, NOTARY

VULCAN

At U. S. Alexander's office
every Thursday

Long Louie Cafe

For Eighteen Years the Leading Restaurant
in Champion.

With the completion of recent improvements, including repainting and decorating, we are in a better position than ever to cater to farmers and others during the busy season.

As it has been in the past so Long Louie's Will continue in the future to be

The Best Place in Town to Eat

Cigars, Cigarettes, Tobaccos, Soft Drinks, All Kinds of Fruit in Season, Ice Cream the Year Round, etc.

HOCKEY DANCE

Will Be Held in

Champion Community Hall

Friday February 24

Music by Rhythm Vendors

Novelty Dance

Gents 50c

Good Time Assured

Ladies 25c

Turning Plague Into Profit

Research Workers Plan To Make Good Soap From Locusts

The world's worst pest, that of the locust, which in Asia and Africa alone regularly invades about 15,000,000 square miles, equal to about 30 per cent. of the land area of the globe, may yet prove a blessing in disguise.

A remarkable instance of how commerce is turning waste into wealth comes from Africa, where it looks as if Tunisia will develop a new industry, and what has previously been regarded as a costly plague will become a source of profit. French research workers have discovered that excellent soap can be made from locusts and it is announced that factories for making this by-product may be established all along the new Trans-Saharan Railway, the project recently authorized by the French government.

The locusts are dried in the sun, and then treated with carbon bisulphide or ethyl chloride, according to their degree of dryness. The oil thus obtained is then purified by steam and used for making soap. In addition, French fertilizing firms have been negotiating with the government for the purchase of dead locusts, which will be salted and dried for export.

Although the peril from the pest is thousands of years old, up to the present locusts have defied every device of man to conquer them. In 1907 a locust barrier of 10,000,000 feet of netting was stretched across Northern Central Argentina, and in the Sudan, where invasion is an hourly possibility, about 700 tons of poison are kept stored at strategic points.

France, Italy, and delegates from the British empire last year held a conference at Rome to consider schemes of international co-operation against the pest. London is now recognized as the international research centre. Information on locust movements is now being received from 16 empire and 25 foreign countries by the Imperial Institute of Entomology, and in order to trace the origin of locust swarms, the routes of their invasions, and the probable cause of the outbreaks—World-Wide News Service, Inc.

Use Canadian Ports

Diverting Of Trade Through Domestic Ports Is Noted

"One of the outstanding accomplishments of Canada in 1932 was the diverting to a large extent of the direct trade through domestic ports in keeping with the frequently enunciated policy of Hon. H. H. Stevens, Minister of Trade and Commerce, in the weekly review issue by that department. This was most noticeable in the exports of wheat."

The review shows that of the 128,077,540 bushels of wheat cleared from the beginning of the crop year, August 1, to the end of January, nearly 50 per cent. passed through Canadian ports as compared with 30 per cent. of \$3,755,095 bushels cleared in the corresponding period of the preceding crop year.

Clearances through Montreal showed an increase of 80 per cent. and through Pacific coast ports, an increase of nearly 65 per cent. The quantity of wheat cleared through maritime ports was nearly seven times greater than in the previous year.

Clearances through the new port of Churchill increased from 544,750 bushels to 2,736,000 bushels while those through United States ports dropped from 16,741,000 bushels to 15,542,000 bushels.

Air Service To Canada

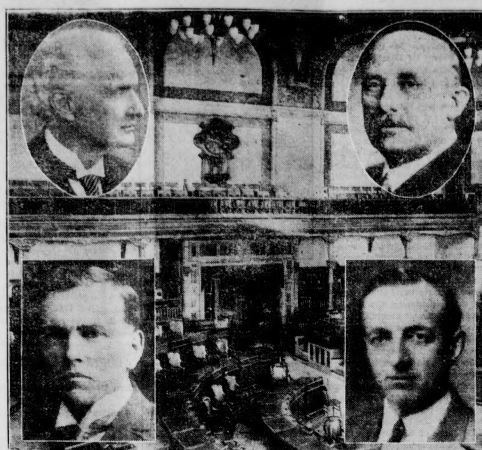
Probability of a regular British air service across the Atlantic within two or three years was forecast by Sir Eric Geddes, chairman of Imperial Airways, Limited. The service would connect up with Canada and possibly parts of the empire in the Pacific Ocean. Sir Eric was also confident that it would be a seven-day service from London to Cape Town within two years.

A scientist declares that if he really wishes for a certain person to come to him, that person always arrives. We wouldn't mind betting he has never tried this little trick in our restaurant.

The instance of a legless South Carolina man driving a car after being denied a license, recalls the number of headless persons who do the same thing.

W. N. U. 1932

REDISTRIBUTION BILL—NO NEW TAXATION—FEATURES IN ONTARIO LEGISLATURE



With the opening of the new Ontario Legislature, several important bills come before the House. One of the most prominent is the redistribution act which will reduce the Ontario Parliament membership at least twenty-two seats. The Prime Minister suggested that there would be no new taxation unless absolutely vital as a moderate deficit was more justified than higher taxes. Above, top left, is His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Dr. Bruce, who opened the Legislature for the first time since taking over the office. Top right is the Hon. G. S. Henry, Prime Minister, while bottom, left and right, are W. E. N. Sinclair and H. C. Nixon, leaders of the Opposition parties. The main picture shows the interior of the Legislature looking towards the Speaker's Gallery. The members' seats are arranged in the shape of a horseshoe.

Secluded In Le. or Camp

Five Women and Four Men at Lazaretto in New Brunswick

Stricken by the scourge most dreaded in the history of man and doomed to seclusion within the bounds of the Lazaretto at Tracadie, New Brunswick, are nine lepers, five women and four men, from various points in Canada.

Most of the patients are above middle age. One is a great war veteran, contracted the disease in France, but a diagnosis of his trouble was not made until three years later. Last summer a Chinese was discharged from the institution as cured and returned to his native country.

The Lazaretto at this village, overlooking the Gulf of St. Lawrence from the north shore of New Brunswick, and one in British Columbia, are the only two institutions of their type in Canada. They are maintained by the Dominion Government.

Leprosy originated in New Brunswick in 1758, according to the most commonly accepted theory. At that time the French vessel "Indien," which had been in the Levant trade, stranded near the Miramichi River. The plague broke out shortly after the season began mingling with the people. Many fishermen of the district died from the disease, and others, panic-stricken, fled to points along the coast. Later, the plague appeared at Capreol, France and elsewhere. Finally, in 1844, all lepers were ordered by law to be taken to Sheldrake Island, at the mouth of the Miramichi. Then the establishment was moved to its present site at Tracadie.

For many years the lepers remained uncared for and under restriction of conditions. At last the Dominion Government took a hand in the matter, and in 1868 the Hotel Dieu nuns of Montreal went to Tracadie to devote their lives to the unfortunates.

The Lazaretto has been remodelled and renovated several times. It is a thoroughly modern institution, with well lighted and ventilated, spacious wards. At one time more than 40 lepers were congregated here. Between 1910 and 1920, 14 new patients were admitted and 21 died.

Edna Green Honored

A huge laurel wreath preserved in a block of ice arrived at Berlin on the steamer "Magadanburg," a gift of the Australian Government to the German navy. It is in recognition of the heroism of the crew of the famous cruiser "Zenden" which was sunk by the Australian cruiser "Sydney," Nov. 9, 1914.

Stage Manager (discussing chorus girl who has been given a small singing part)—"Well, what do you think of her?"

Producer—"A peach—but no Melba."

"Our economics prof talks to himself. Does yours?"

"Yes, but he doesn't realize it—he thinks we're listening."

Would Repeat Order

Turkeys Will Find Ready Market in London Next Year

Mr. W. B. Brown, of the Dominion Live Stock Branch has returned from Great Britain where he was associated with the marketing of the Christmas trade of about 90,000 fatted poultry. The shipment, which consisted mostly of turkeys, went over in "chilled" instead of the usual frozen condition, therefore came in direct competition with the home-killed rather than imported stock. He reports that because of the quality and attractive presentation of the shipment, which was sold chiefly in London, the stock immediately attracted the attention of the wholesalers and was quickly sold at favourable prices. He was given the assurance of the trade that a shipment of equal quality for the next Christmas season could easily be doubled in quantity without overstocking the market.

Russians Selling Silver

Peasants Can Now Exchange It For Food and Clothes

Soviet Russia is being swept by a silver-rush that outdoes Britain's great gold-rush recently.

All over the republic hungry, ill-clad peasants are "cashing-in" on knives, forks, spoons, ornaments—anything containing silver. The reason is that "Fargin" shops, in which rubles are worthless and only foreign gold currencies are accepted, have now agreed to take silver as well.

Hoards of old silver have been produced, the owners waiting in long queues to exchange their valuables for food, clothes and luxuries obtainable only at "Fargin."

It is estimated that there are 50,000,000 tons of platinum in the sun in the form of a gas.

Must Be Good Grade

Farmers Can Depend On Fertilizers Sold in Canada

Of the almost unnumberable brands of fertilizers offered to the public in the earlier days of the fertilizer business in Canada there were hundreds of brands which contained so little actual plant food that they were practically worthless for the purpose for which they were purchased. This condition led to the inclusion of a clause in the Fertilizer Act, 1922, requiring that every fertilizer sold in Canada contain not less than 12 per cent. of available plant food as nitrogen, phosphoric acid and potash singly or combined. In 1928 this minimum total plant food in any fertilizer was raised to 14 per cent., which is the requirement still in effect. During the first year of the operation of the 14 per cent. total plant food requirement hundreds of brands of so-called fertilizers were put out of the market.

This provision of the Act established a reasonable basis of minimum plant food content and undoubtedly has meant a material saving to farmers in the purchase of fertilizer and prevented many a disappointment in crop returns which would have resulted from the use of inferior and fraudulent materials.

A Modern Egg

The curfew tolls the knell of parting day.

A line of autos winds across the sea.

A pedestrian plods his absent-minded way.

And leaves the world quite unexpectantly.

The petrified forest in Arizona contains 25,825 cars.

Recent gains in coal production in Canada are greater than a year ago.

A Lost Continent

Seeking To Find Atlantis In The Sahara Desert

Speculating on the whereabouts of the lost continent of Atlantis, the venerable pastime, though the most popular theory hitherto has been that it lies somewhere underneath the broad waters of the Atlantic Ocean with islands like Tenerife, perhaps, representing the mountain peaks of its long-vanished territory. A French professor, however, is now setting off to look for Atlantis in the Hoggar Mountains of the Sahara. If he finds it there this speculative region may be regarded as rescued from a watery grave and transferred to land which is even drier than usual. Some of the old tales seemed to place the Hyades Fields in Atlantis, but this is not the idea which most people now associate with the Sahara. However, there are some grounds for assuming that the Sahara became a desert within comparatively recent times as the history of the world goes, and perhaps it was in those earlier times that the Hoggar Mountains acquired the more amiable traditions which hang round the Lost Atlantis.

Any one who seems quite a reasonable moment to go looking for new continents. Most of the old ones have the air of being a little too worn for use, and one could not cover one that had been lost for seven or eight thousand centuries there might be a chance for somebody to find it. It is not, however, the political and pecuniary problems which are making most of man's other adventures look a little mouldy and too old-fashioned. The Manchester Guardian Weekly.

Wider Markets For Canadian Tobacco

Product Is Now Being Shipped To Many Countries

Progress has been made in the production of high quality tobacco in Canada during the past five years. This is exemplified by the interest other countries have shown in the Canadian product. In 1927 the total exports of unmanufactured Canadian leaf tobacco amounted to 5,867,479 pounds; in 1932 it rose to 9,014,000 pounds. For the first eleven months, January to November inclusive, if the December shipments in 1931 are added to complete the 12 months, the total is brought up to 10,456,464 pounds.

In 1927 the only countries purchasing Canadian tobacco were the British Isles, Netherlands and the United States. The bulk of these deliveries were made to Britain. In 1932 the total exports had not only nearly doubled but the countries interested in Canadian leaf tobacco included the United Kingdom, Barbados, Sierra Leone, Jamaica, Canada, Belgium and the United States.

A feature of this expanded market has been the change in the type of tobacco being shipped. In 1927 and 1928 the bulk of tobacco exported was Burley. In 1931 and 1932 it has largely been supplanted by bright leaf, the first of which was shipped to Ontario. Improvement in the growing and curing of Canadian tobacco has been largely due to the work of the Extension of the Canadian Government Experimental Farms. The Experimental Farm at Harrow, Ontario, specializes in tobacco culture.

Operating Seventy Years

Metropolitan Was First Underground

Railway In World

The London Metropolitan Railway, the first underground railway in the world to be constructed, has celebrated 70th birthday. In January, 1863, Lord Gladstone and a distinguished company were drawn in open trucks through the first tunnels, and today the great bulk of a subway, the Farringdon Street Station. There were apprehensions at the time of the opening of the railway that passengers would be suffocated by the fumes.

Plenty of people still living who remember the underground in their school years will agree that apprehensions were by no means groundless. Until comparatively recent years the trains were drawn by ordinary steam locomotives and the smoke which gathered in the tunnels used to belch forth the whole of the day into the railway stations. Carriages were lighted by flickering oil lamps. All this was changed when the present Metropolitan and District Railways were converted to electric power.

One of Greenland's two wireless stations, that at Scoresby, has burned down.

February, on the average, is the least rainy month of London's year.

Gardening Notes

(By Gordon Lindsay Smith.)

Days are growing longer, sunshine warmer, and on the hillside slopes to the south the snow is gone and the ground begins to show at noon. Seed catalogues and the new birds have arrived and old gardeners are beginning to plan before the fire. We would be well advised to follow their example. Much more satisfactory results can be achieved in growing flowers and vegetables where one looks into the thing before one plants anything. It is practically hopeless to attempt any comprehensive scheme without a good plan, well studied and roughly drawn to scale.

Flower Plans

There is a lot of fun in planning our lay-out now and of trying to picture just how this will look when mature. There is much to be gained by adding a path or a trellis, perhaps of some new color, of developing another vista from the porch or living-room window, or of softening or screening some harsh lines that are too apparent in our present scheme. The fisherman, we have almost as much pleasure in making our preparations as we have when we actually get under way.

It is a good thing to make out a rough plan on paper. Plans may not be made of color, height and time of blooming. Each garden will have its own peculiarities and it is well that they should. It is not as if we have a splendid opportunity of developing individuality, a most important factor in these days of standardized things. There is bound to be certain dark corners where we have had trouble before, but when we realize that there is a mixture of grass especially adapted to growing in shady places and that there are certain flowers such as tuberous-rooted Begonias, Pansies, Godetia, Lobelia, Clarkia and Foxglove, which actually prefer to get away from the full sun, the job of handling such spots is simplified.

Then, there are hot, dry corners where nothing but well-watered plants will thrive. There are flowers for this location also, the Portulaca and Nasturtium, for instance, asking nothing but a little special plot, down behind the regular borders, where a supply of flowers are grown for house purposes. These are a few of the points to remember when we take up pencil, seed catalogue and, perhaps, a Government Bulletin tonight and let our thoughts run wild on what we are really going to do this time.

Vegetables

The great fault with most vegetable gardens in Canada is that they lack variety. But we can have just as many different kinds here as in the showy part of the garden if we will take the way by the back door, a steady look-out for new things, earlier and better varieties and the development of a continuous supply of food for the first of November in the spring until the Brussels' Sprouts in December. As a general rule, vegetables, and in the case of staple crops like corn, beans, peas, and carrots, two or three types should be used. By handling the vegetable end of the garden in this way the supply is increased and the season extended.

Fish By Air

Rapid Transit In Northern Hurries Delivery To Points East and South

Within half an hour after white fish are caught in the lakes of Northern Manitoba they are delivered to a point by aeroplane on the Hudson Bay route, a point of a railway, 25 miles away, to the coast. From there, by train, they transit from The Pas, Man., by rail to cities in Canada and the United States where they are in demand. Formerly the 35-mile journey by horse outfits and tractors took two days over rough trails.

The inland fisheries of Canada are among the country's most valuable assets. The fish caught in large quantities for the commercial market in Manitoba come from Lake Winnipeg, Lake Winnipegosis, Lake Manitoba and the smaller lakes. White fish and pickerel are the chief fish caught, but pike, tullibee, goldeye, and several other varieties are plentiful.

Because swarms of locusts in Brazil made the rails so slippery that trains were delayed, locomotives have been fitted with special brushes to clear the lines.

The Chinese minister of railways is expected to give his consent to the making of an automobile road on the Great Wall of China.



Population Of World Shows A Steady Increase According To The League Of Nations

The Statistical Department of the League of Nations has been counting noses, and gives the figure of the world's population, as at the end of 1931, at about two billion twelve million eight hundred thousand.

More than half of these people live in Asia. In fact, it is the most populous continent, having an excess of some 252 million inhabitants over all the other continents combined. Asia also has the most rapid increase in population in comparison with other parts of the world.

Europe, for the first time in history, has more than half a billion people. On the first of January, 1932, the figure representing its population was greater than 506 millions. The figure for the same date, 1931, was 498 millions.

The North and South American continents were inhabited by some 282 millions of persons at the end of 1931—an increase of four millions over the year previous.

The vast continent of Africa counts scarcely 142 millions of inhabitants, and interesting to note, this figure, for 1931, is two million less than for 1930. This is the only decrease recorded by any of the continents.

Australia, the remaining continent, supported but ten millions of people at the end of 1931.

Some of the statistics given for the major countries of Europe are interesting: Russia, 127 millions in 1931 against 124 millions in 1930; Germany, 64 millions, with no great advance in growth; Great Britain, 42 millions, no increase; France, 42 millions, an increase of 640,000 over 1930; Italy, 41 millions, a decrease of 400,000; Poland, 32 millions, an increase of a million; Spain, 24 millions, an increase of a million.

The world's population is increasing. That fact is one that has ramifying implications, and if the growth continues at the present rate, within less than half a century it will be one of the most pressing problems that will have to be dealt with.

Fertilizing Pasture Lands

Best Results Obtained When Continuous Grazing Is Practised

Pasture land fertilized at the rate of 475 pounds per acre of a complete fertilizer was able to carry 2.15 cows to the acre when continuous grazing was practised. The same land, when similarly fertilized but grazed rotationally was able to carry only 1.7 cows to the acre, and the same kind of land unfertilized and continuously grazed carried 1.40 cows to the acre. These results were obtained by the Dominion Department of Agriculture at the Experimental Farm at Napanee, N.B. In practice the number of cows varied from week to week according to the condition of growth; and by careful calculation dependable results were obtained. In addition to the pasture the cows received a grain ration at a rate consistent with the amount of milk given. The feed used in this experiment had been in use as pasture for most of the twenty-five years it had been in use.

The results of this experiment go to show a saving of 11 pounds of meal per cow per day on the fertilized rotationally grazed area and 1.00 pounds on the fertilized continuously grazed area, as compared with the unfertilized area.

Loosing Their Manners

Conversation In Some Homes Impossible Since Radio Arrived

Has the radio developed a power with declining manners? It used to be considered the height of ill breeding, in the good old days, for anyone in the room to interrupt a conversation between guest and host, but those days are gone forever in radio homes, where it is very common for some one thoughtlessly or by design, to turn on the radio and get a leather-lunged announcer belting baby, or a singer screaming the latest jazz song to the utter disruption of conversation on any subject. And it would be insulting the whole family if one made an observation on this utter lack of good manners.

"You only married me because you want to let me see money."

Nothing of the kind. It has married you regardless of who had left it to you."

Glasgow, Scotland, plans to provide recreational and educational facilities for its unemployed.

W. N. U. 1932

Toy Bank Sales Increase

Those That Refuse To Open Were Among Best Sellers

The depression has brought millions of coins out of the sack and into the Tom Thumb savings bank.

More than four and a half million toy coin depositors were sold in the United States in 1932, a 10 per cent. increase over 1929, according to a survey of the American toy industry.

Banks that refuse to release deposits until five or ten dollars accumulated led in popularity last year. The vogue for saving inspired many new designs, including banks that register five different kinds of coins and hold as much as \$75. Fancy chromium plated banks gave a fashion note to the list.

Banks with combinations like safes and banks that combined cash registers and banks were favored by children for playing store. But the adult response to save is credited with the popularity of banks that refuse to open.

The manufacturers of toy banks estimate that nine out of ten are broken into after two years. So the industry counts on a steady replacement business in spite of lifetime guarantees against all mishaps except forcible entry.



By Ruth Rogers



A YOUTHFUL MODEL THAT'S ADORABLY SMART AND WEARABLE TOO

Very simple is this smart day dress. Yet it is exceedingly well balanced and alluring, which makes it suited to the average full figure as well as the slender.

It and it is such a delightful little dress to slip into for casual day occasions. Dark blue crinkly wool crepe made the original. The collar, cuffs and leather belt are coral-red.

Printed or plain crinkly crepe silk and angora woolen weaves are splendid mediums for this.

Size 16 requires 3 1/2 yards 33-inch, with 1 1/2 yard 38-inch contrasting.

Prices of pattern 20 cents in stamps or coin (cash is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 150 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Address

Town

THE NEW MISSIONARY



(The British Government's war debt mission arrives to "talk it over" with the United States on war debts).—Strut in the Daily Express, London.

Size Of Ranch Flocks

Income Received Is Affected By Number Of Breeding Ewes

The number of breeding ewes per ranch is an outstanding factor affecting the income received by range sheepmen in Alberta and Saskatchewan, according to an economic survey of the range sheep industry conducted during the past three years by the Agricultural Economics Branch and Experimental Farms Branch of the Federal Department of Agriculture. In analysing the relation of size of business to income the records of 57 ranches were grouped according to the number of breeding ewes per ranch; 11 ranches had under 500 breeding ewes; 25 between 500 and 1,000; 18 between 1,000 and 1,499; 17 between 1,500 and 1,999; 5 between 2,000 and 2,499; 4 between 2,500 and 2,999; and 7 ranches had over 3,000 breeding ewes. Ranches who had less than 500 breeding ewes obtained an average ranch income of \$141, whereas those who had between 1,500 and 2,000 breeding ewes secured \$2,022. The income per ranch was thus found to increase with an increase in the number of breeding ewes until the size group 2,000 to 2,499 was reached and from this point declined, indicating that these sheep ranchers who had between 1,500 and 2,000 breeding ewes had about the right balance between the number of ewes, amount of range, labor and equipment per ranch.

A Discriminating Buyer

British Consumer In Most Particular When Purchasing Poultry

When studying the poultry trade in the British market Mr. W. A. Brown, of the Dominion Department of Agriculture, learned that the British consumer is a discriminating buyer. Mr. Brown concludes from his observations and interviews with market men that five essential points have to be observed in the building up of a satisfactory trade in the British market: (1) High standard of quality; (2) Absolute uniformity in grading; (3) Proper weights with a minimum of tolerance; (4) Attractive display, including both packages and individual birds; (5) Delicacy of quality and flavor that is pleasing to the consumer.

"Young man, my daughter says you're planning to elope with her, and I want to give you fair warning."

"Well, sir, what is it?"

"That ladder of mine out in the garage is cracked!"

An alarm clock that makes too before rousing its possessor has been patented in England.

Spinach and Carrots

New York Surgeon Tells Women How To Become Beautiful

Any woman can be beautiful, according to Dr. J. Howard Crum, plastic surgeon of New York—but she must be willing to eat spinach.

"What you eat is the answer to how fast you age," Dr. Crum told delegates to the trade display and fashion show which continued here today. He then promised a beautiful complexion to any woman who would each day eat a generous portion of a thin-leaved vegetable—spinach, with a good dose of spinach or carrots and then turn off with a quart of milk.

"Worry and fret are to be avoided," he said. "The face is the window of the soul."

"Nothing detracts so much from your looks," he said, "as stage and screen beauties, he said, have 'acquired their attractiveness.'"

Life Of Weed Seeds

Experiment Proves Some Germinate Slowly After Forty Years

An experiment to test the viability of weed seeds has been reported by the Dominion Department of Agriculture. Seeds of many kinds of weeds were mixed with sand and placed in unopened pint bottles and buried twenty inches below the surface. The bottles were sealed with the mouth downward to prevent the accumulation of water in the bottles.

"The experiment has been carried out by the Michigan Agricultural College and it has been found that after forty years buried in this way seeds of Black Medick, Poppygrass, Pigweed, Ragweed, Wild Prunose, Common Plantain, Purslane, and Curled Dock germinated vigorously.

Those remarkable results led the Dominion Agronomist to ask the question: "Who knows how long weed seeds will last?"

Greatest and Smallest Length

The greatest length actually measured is that from the earth to the most distant known nebula, or about 140,000,000 light years. The smallest known length is the estimated diameter of the nucleus of a hydrogen atom, set down as a little more than one-millionth of an inch.

Only Half Cello-Bred

Half of the 56 signers of the Declaration of Independence were cello-bred; 16 had "classical" education; 2 were instructed entirely by tutors; and 16 had very little learning.

Because of the congestion it causes traffic the annual Lord Mayor's Show in London may be abandoned.

EN-KING'S ENILED COISIN RELATES EXPERIENCES



Don Alfonso de Bourbon, Marquis de Biquilache and cousin of the ex-king of Spain, is shown (left), relating to a journalist the experiences which he and twenty-eight monarchist prisoners suffered after escaping from the Spanish penal settlement of Valls in West Africa. These monarchist leaders traveled across the Atlantic from Africa to Portugal in a thirty-year vessel and suffered many privations in the 1,000-mile trip.

Cost Of Operating And Maintaining Port Of Churchill Will Always Be Very Moderate

No Latchkey Needed

Always a Door-Man At Number Ten Downing Street

However late the hour, Premier Ramsay MacDonald and members of his family never have to worry about being locked out of their London home.

For No. 10 Downing St., home of England's premier and the most famous house in London, is claimed to be the only private residence in the capital to which no one needs a latchkey.

Thanks to David Lloyd George, war-time premier, "10 Downing" has a door attendant night and day, and there is always a doorman on duty, however small the hour.

When Lloyd George came into power the cost of his residence at Downing St., there was a little wooden knock hardly perceptible, on the door near the knocker, and by pulling the knob a string inside attached to it raised the latch, and the caller entered. This simple village method did not appeal to Lloyd George, especially in war-time, and instructions were given for the door to be manned night and day.

Up to the first year of the war it would have been possible for any stranger to have pulled the latch and entered the premier's residence, but nowadays every visitor is carefully scrutinized and asked his business before being permitted to enter even one of the ante-rooms.

The Chicken Of Today

The Old Hen Ain't Nothin' But She Used To Be

The old hen ain't what she used to be. Professor J. C. Graham, head of the poultry department of the Massachusetts State College, said recently.

The chicken of today is forced into early maturity and is kept operating at a speed which would have killed her 1000 ancestors. In the old days a chicken was born and a few days later she was out in the yard yucking at worms. Now many of the incubator-hatched chicks never get out of a building until their laying days are over.

Back a few years ago the ordinary hen started laying at eight to 10 months, but now the poultry man has hastened things along so that he expects them to be laying at five to six months.

A Promising Trade

Great Britain Offers Market For Canadian Cattle Feed

According to the International Trade Commissioner, a promising link exists between Canada and the British market. In the January 21st issue of the Commercial Intelligence Journal it is stated that the importation of cattle feeds, consisting of bran and other flour milling odds, from Canada is comparatively new, beginning in 1931 when Canadian shipments rose from practically nil to 22,583 long tons (2,240 bbls.). Of this amount, 9,000 tons were shorts and middlings, and the remainder, according to this report Great Britain imports about 300,000 tons of these products annually, chiefly from foreign countries. Empire countries producing only some 76,000 tons in 1932.

Smallest New Testaments

One Used In Australia For Swearing-In Witnesses

The two smallest New Testaments in the world are believed to be in Australia. One belongs to Miss Jones, chief of the Commonwealth Investigation Branch. It is less than three-quarters of an inch long and half an inch wide, and is used for swearing-in witnesses.

The other Testament has been presented to the Commonwealth National Library by Mr. Hubert Hase, of Essex, England. Its measurements are: length, three-quarters of an inch; width, five-eighths of an inch; thickness, a quarter of an inch.

White Bread Forbidden

White bread will be forbidden, until next harvest, to soldiers, policemen and borderers in schools and colleges in Rumania. Instead, they will receive rye bread and a kind of stiff porridge made of maize.

One liner carried 10,000 bags of flour from the small town of Britain to America in December.

Owing to natural breakwaters the cost of operating and maintaining the port of Churchill will always be moderate whether the traffic be heavy or light. D. W. McLachlan, engineer-in-charge of the Hudson Bay terminals, told the Engineering Institute of Canada at the concluding session of its annual meeting at Ottawa.

Natural breakwaters or jetties at the entrance to Churchill harbor, he explained, direct the tidal currents so that they perform a perpetual service by their scouring action in keeping the harbor from filling up. There are no wide tidal flats or currents to deal with.

The expenditure to date chargeable to the Churchill development amounts to about \$13,272,506, stated Mr. McLachlan. With work still to be done the cost on completion will be about \$13,909,000. The net cost, according to Mr. McLachlan, would scale down to \$12,500,000 if the dredging plant on the waterway to Port Nelson and if allowance is made for an amount of \$625,000 incurred through taking over plant formerly charged to the government by the Hudson Bay Company.

The further work required to complete the initial developments at Churchill, Mr. McLachlan said, consisted of one season's dredging with one dredge; an additional season's work in connection with covering the water supply pipe; a small amount of work connected with water supply intake; extension of elevator tracks; and some further sheathing of the walls of the deep sea lock.

The water supply of Churchill was one of the unique features of the development. Provision of water for locomotives, ships and camp in general was a difficult matter as there were no creeks of any size. The plan adopted was to excavate a reservoir 100 ft. deep, 300 ft. long and 40 ft. wide from the docks, having a capacity of 17,000,000 gallons. A pumping station and tank were provided and a 15-inch pipe line carried the water across the country to another tank within the townsite of Churchill.

Ruling On Cattle Export

Puts Canadian Exporters On Equal Footing With Competitors

The United Kingdom agreement, as now ratified, puts Canadian cattle exporters on an equal footing with their competitors in the British market, for the first time in thirty-five years. The segregation of store cattle from fat cattle moving on export is no longer required. Fat and store cattle are allowed to move freely to inland points, with the understanding that the fat cattle moving on export is no longer required. The segregation of store cattle from fat cattle moving on export is no longer required to accompany the cattle on the ocean voyage. These conditions of the British Ministry of Agriculture are part of a bilateral agreement arrived at by the respective governments at the Imperial Economic Conference, and under which Canada recognizes the London Quarantine Station, according to conditions laid down in the agreement.—Department of Agriculture.

A Powerful Engine

Practically Runs Itself and Replenishes Its Boiler Fire

The Super-Mountain, declared to be the most powerful railway engine in the world, has just been completed at the works of the French State Railways in Saint-Etienne-Rum. It will develop 2,500 horsepower. The engine practically runs itself, nearly all control being automatic. It even replenishes its boiler fire with requisite amounts of coal when necessary.

The Largest Organ

The latest organ in the world is in a cathedral in Liverpool, England. The instrument has five rows of pipes, 222 grand pipes, 168 stops and 10,934 pipes. It is played by electro-pneumatic action, the mechanism being driven by motors with a total of 35 horsepower.

"You crossed a carrier pigeon with a parrot."

"Yes, so that if the bird lost its way it could inquire."—Gazzettino Illustrato (Venice).

Canada's two largest lakes, wholly within Canadian territory are Great Slave Lake and Great Bear Lake, of which the first is the larger.

HE HAD TO REDUCE

Easiest Way Proved the Best

A man who had been advised by his doctor to reduce, writes thus:—"I had put on weight to the extent of 200 lbs. This was excessive as I am only 5-ft. 6-in. in height. My doctor advised me to reduce, and I tried hot baths and massage. This, however, was too fatiguing, and I am a very busy man. I then saw an advertisement about Kruschen's salt, bought a bottle, and commenced taking them right away. Last Saturday I weighed myself, and to my surprise and delight I had reduced my weight from 200 lbs. to 180 lbs. My health generally is better, I sleep well, and eat more heartily. I have spread the good news to my friends who are putting on weight."—W.H.R.

Kruschen contains those six mineral salts, proportionately balanced, found in the waters of those famous European Spas used by generations of fat people to reduce weight. Kruschen helps blood, nerves, glands, and body organs to function properly—you gain new strength and energy—feel years younger—look better with a sprightly face. Kruschen's salt is a sure, steady return to normal weight and vigorous health—Start the Kruschen treatment today!

FREE TRIAL OFFER

If you have never tried Kruschen, try it now! We send you two boxes of Kruschen's salt free of charge for you to prove to yourself its value. Ask your grocer for the new "GIANT" 75c. Kruschen's salt is a sure, steady return to normal weight and vigorous health—Start the Kruschen treatment today!

Write for your free trial boxes to: Kruschen's Salt, Ltd., 100, St. George Street, Montreal, P.Q.

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He merely said, peering at the alcove: "I'm leaving Curt's keepers here. You'll watch after them, won't you?" And he added, "I'm leaving here tonight, Elizabeth."

"Leaving here? Tonight?" Her eyes went to the pack on the floor. Suddenly started, she looked up at him again.

Feeling that he owed some explanation to the girl he was engaged to, he partly explained: "I'm pitching out on to Elizabeth. By myself, I'm going after those men that shot up two of my friends. Haskell blocked a patrol I wanted to make. To go after them I had to be free. I don't know how long I'll take me. Maybe three weeks, maybe six. I'd like for you to wait here."

Something in his manner stopped Elizabeth from questioning him. She knew he intended to marry her and take her to Victoria; but something told her that in this present hour it was not well to question or oppose Alan Baker.

She acquiesced: "I'll wait, dear. I'll wait here for you. But, Alan, before you go..." She stood on tip-toe, reproaching him, begging, "I don't know for tell me good-bye."

Alan bent and kissed her, as she invited. But he did it dispassionately, a thing expected of him. He felt her breath on his cheek, her arm tightening around him, her body pressed against his. He was subtly but unmistakably aware of a certain willingness about her; she wanted him to linger; she would have stayed with him there in the cabin. . . .

When she had gone, he buckled his pistol and caught up his hat. As he started to snuff the two candles in the alcove, he heard a thumping foot-step on the threshold and turned to see Bill Hardlock. In a flash, he guessed that Bill had been waiting outside, not wanting to come in while Elizabeth was there.

"Alan! It's big blazes!" Bill was all but incoherent as he advanced across the cabin. "Say it isn't so! I heard . . . wasn't meaning to listen to Joyce told me part of it, and I just heard you tell Elizabeth. . . . He didn't bust you? He didn't dare! And blame you for spitting out patrol? You didn't buy out."

"That's what I did, Bill. He busted me, blamed me. What's worse, he wouldn't let us make the incognito trip. I couldn't stand that. I'm out. Leaving Endurance. Right now."

Bill's face turned gray. His jaw dropped, he stood in stupefied shock with a look of misery on his blunt, bulging features.

"You're leaving us," he gulped. "You're—pitching away—for good. You always stood up for us men, against Haskell. You and me. . . . pretty good partners. . . . Now you won't be here any more. Alan."

"Bill, shake yourself together and listen. I'm going after those bastards. There's several things you've got to do for me. One is, I want you out aside from patrol whenever you can and visit Joyce and see she's safe. Another thing, I'm giving you this cabin and what's in it, except for a little personal stuff that I'll get some time or else send for. Then, there's one last thing. Got any free time coming in the next couple weeks?"

"I don't know. Yes, must have three or four days—we've been hitting the ball all winter."

"Two days will be enough. I need a little help on my plan; and you, here at Endurance, you can give me a hand. It's not much, but it'll mean a lot to me. I'll tell you what I've got in mind, so you'll understand."

In a few terse sentences that left Bill gawping and swearing at so staggering a scheme, Alan sketched his plan. "And you'll keep quiet about this, Bill? Don't tell Pop, Elizabeth, Drummond, anybody. If it ever gets out, I'd wreck the whole idea, and I'd probably land in a penitentiary."

"I'll keep quiet as a dead dog. I won't breathe a word. But Alan, why are we we're going together, why can't I be on my trick?" Eagerly he pleaded. "Let me go along, Alan."

"I'd mean desertion for you, Haskell would give you the limit. And you've got to watch after Joyce. My work is a one-man job anyway. We'll keep in touch, Bill. You write to me. Look knows but what you and I sometime on ahead, might get together again."

Alan hurried down the slope to the trading store. Factor Drummond had not gone to bed. The news of the patrol, of his old friend Dave MacMillan being arrested and faced with such overwhelming evidence of guilt, had upset him.

"What the devil, Alan?—civilian clothes!"

Racking Coughs in Old Age

Checked by

SCOTT'S EMULSION

of Norwegian Cod Liver Oil

Builds Resistance Easy to Digest

Alan was weary of people's astonishment. He wasted no time with explanations.

"Drummond, where's the old Dad Pence? I saw him here when we got back this evening."

Drummond pointed behind the counter. Alan walked around, up the narrow aisle, and there found old Pence asleep on a pile of wolf skins.

He had panned his three scores and ten, old Dad Pence, at prospecting, trapping, waste dogging, whatnot. He had made fortunes and gulleys had led him to men sharper than he. He had come down to the twilight of life penniless, homeless, childless. But old Dad Pence could still handle a rifle with the best of the youngsters; and a reputation for magic which he had acquired among the witch-killing Indians, still clung to him and put fear into primitive hearts. Altogether he was the man for Alan's purpose, if only Joyce would not mother him too much and make his existence there after too desolate by contrast.

Shaking him wide enough awake to understand what was wanted of him, Alan explained. He was to go back to the Big Alouka with Joyce and watch after her. He was to keep in touch with Bill Hardlock. Under no circumstances was he to wander off into the bush and leave Joyce alone.

Old Pence nodded. "I'll do it, b'y, just as you say. I'll try not to forget and wander off in 'th' bush. I'll look after Joyce, you don't worry."

Alan thrust a handful of bills into his pocket, and rose up and stepped

back around the counter. "I want to buy your motor canoe, Drummond. How much?" (To Be Continued).

Carrier Pigeons Assist Fire Prevention Work

Birds Covered 5,600 Miles in Northern Manitoba Last Year

Although carrier pigeons of the forestry department branch in northern Manitoba flew 5,600 miles with messages during the last year, only five birds were lost, according to Robert S. Harvey, who is in charge of fire prevention in The Pas area.

There were 61 pigeons in the loft at Government base, Mile 42, Hudson Bay Railway. Last year 20 birds were hatched. Ten suffered casualties in training. Two birds were carried on

Due to exchange conditions and precarious position of some western United States banks, much Japanese business with this continent has been diverted from the United States to Canada, declared M. Nakata, Japanese

humber and wheat importer, in an interview at Montreal. "We can buy as much wheat in Canada for \$2 as we could from the United States for \$2.50," he stated, adding it was noticable the business of the Seattle office of his organization was declining, while that of his Vancouver branch was on the upturn.

A greater demand for wheat would follow the imminent move of the Japanese government to stabilize and control the price of rice, he stated. An increase in the price level of rice would aid wheat sales.

De Valera urges Irish women to forget Paris fashion and clothe themselves in homespun. If his present policies persist, he will have them clad in potato sacks.

A dandelion has been discovered in the Crimea which contains milk from which rubber can be made, and it is believed that the production can be placed on a commercial basis.

The first directory of London had a royal origin, being started by Charles I, who wanted a list of citizens who could loan him money.

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EDWARDSBURG CROWN BRAND CORN SYRUP

The economical and delicious table syrup. A nourishing sweet for the whole family.

THE CANADA STARCH CO. LIMITED, MONTREAL

Canada's Trade With Japan is Increasing

Exchange Conditions One Cause According to Japanese Importer

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HEART OF THE NORTH

By

WILLIAM BYRON MOWERY

(W.M. Mowery)

Copyright by William Byron Mowery

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NO LIFTING OF BAN ON LIQUOR EXPORTS TO U.S.

Ottawa, Ont., While the United States senate was adopting a resolution to repeal the 18th amendment, the Canadian House of Commons decided against lifting the export ban on liquor shipments to the United States.

Premier R. B. Bennett and Rt. Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, leaders of the Conservative and Liberals, united in opposing a bill sponsored by Col. B. G. Robinson (Cons., Ross West) to repeal the 1920 legislation which outlawed liquor exports to dry countries. The bill was defeated 10 to 44, the members for the most part voting regardless of party affiliation. Two cabinet ministers voted for the bill. They were Hon. R. J. Macdonald, Minister of Railways, and Hon. Arthur Sauve postmaster-general. Of the 44 supporting the bill, 22 were Conservatives, 19 Liberals, two Labor and one Independent.

It was a principle of international law, to say nothing of international goodwill and neighborliness, said Premier Bennett, that no country should provide an opportunity for its own citizens to break the laws of another. The United States was still a dry country. Liquor still was considered contraband, and for Canada to legalize exports to that country would be a breach of international friendship.

The 1920 customs prohibition, the Prime Minister said, would apply to liquor shipments to the United States the day that country repealed the 18th amendment.

The ban would not apply because the United States then would not be classed as a dry country. Removal of the export ban was urged on several grounds because Canada was losing millions of dollars of revenue, because it would provide employment for Canadians and would permit liquor shipments to be made openly for the United States, not through St. Pierre, Miquelon and other backdoor routes.

Repeal of the export ban, said Mr. King, would place the government of Canada in the position of "knowingly and openly aiding and abetting smugglers in the violation of the laws of a friendly and neighboring country." It would encourage run-running along the Canadian frontier, making Windsor and other border points a base for criminal operations, and "if we are reduced in this country to a position where we can get our revenue and provide employment only by becoming partners in the run-running business things have come to a strange pass."

Doping Race Horses

Call Attention To The Matter In Alberta Legislature

Edmonton, Alberta.—Doping of horses at race courses in this province will have the same position where we can get our revenue and provide employment only by becoming partners in the run-running business things have come to a strange pass."

The investigations made by government inspectors showed that there had been druging of race horses at Victoria Park, in Calgary, and in Edmonton, said the speaker. He hoped some government action would be taken to curb the practice.

Speaking of the proposed banter with Russia, Mr. Bowden said private capital might be induced to give the necessary guarantees if no arrangement could be made with the Federal Government.

A Long Sleep

Chicago Woman Has Slumbered For More Than Year

Chicago.—Three hundred and thirty-two days and nights without a known moment of consciousness, 27-year-old Patricia Maguire has slumbered—a puzzle to physicians.

Just a year ago, a doctor was called by an anxious Oak Park family. They could not arouse Patricia, suffering from sleeping sickness.

All doctors have been able to do has been to keep up her physical strength by forced feedings of nourishing liquids. The procedure will be, it was said, continued nursing and watchful, prayerful waiting.

Ends Long Flight

Buenos Aires.—Capt. James A. Molton has reached here from Rio de Janeiro, completing the first flight from Argentina to Argentina in seven flying days.

W. N. U. 1932

War Splits Countries

Colombia Has Broken Off Diplomatic Relations With Peru

Bogota, Colombia.—Colombia acted to break off diplomatic relations with Peru as a result of the beginning of open warfare in the long threatening fight for possession of Leticia, upper Amazon gateway to the Atlantic Ocean.

The Colombian foreign office handed passports to the personnel of the Peruvian legation here.

(In diplomatic usage the diplomatic handing of passports to the personnel of a foreign nation means the breaking off of diplomatic relations.)

Lima, Peru.—Peruvian military forces claim to be still holding their positions in the disputed Leticia territory after the first clash with a Colombian flotilla that came 2000 miles up the Amazon river to reassert control over the area.

Cumbersome Procedure

Says Board of Directors Could Accomplish More Than Legislature

Ottawa, Ont.—Parliamentary efficiency experts cast a critical eye over the House of Commons and agreed its procedure was cumbersome and expensive but in a three-hour discussion could not agree on a solution. An independent body of experts would accomplish more in three weeks than parliament accomplished in three months, exclaimed Peter McGeorge, Conservative member, when introducing a resolution to establish a committee to consider overhauling parliamentary customs.

REVENUES FROM CUSTOMS SHOW HEAVY DECLINE

Ottawa, Ont.—Customs and excise revenues of Canada, about \$14,856,824 for the elapsed 10 months of the present fiscal year as compared with the corresponding period last year. The 10-month period ended with January 31.

Figures issued through the department of customs reveal that the net total of \$58,901,628 was collected in customs duties during the 10-month period just ended, a decrease of \$7,261,477, compared to the corresponding period of last year when net customs collections amounted to \$66,163,105.

In the excise tax field collections recorded an increase of \$20,932,646 as compared with the 10-month period of a year ago.

Increased sales tax, etc., produced \$66,330,567 during the 10 months just ended, as compared with \$47,397,920 in the 10-month last year. Excise duties are down \$8,526,802 to \$33,173,117, as compared with \$41,699,926 in the 10 months ended January 31, 1932.

The amount realized from income tax during the 10 months just ended was \$60,090,774 or \$10,422,122 less than during the 10 months last year.

Total customs and excise revenue during the 10 months just ended was \$101,274,788.

Red Deer Reduces Mill Rate

Improved Collections and Economy Programme Paved Way

Red Deer, Alta.—Civil authorities have kept their promise to Red Deer taxpayers.

Council voted to reduce the tax rate from 44 mills to 41 mills for 1933 requirements, the first reduction ever made in the tax rate in the city's history. An economy programme and improved tax collections paved the way for the reduction, leaving the city in a first rate financial situation.

House Discusses Court

Immunity For Indians

Suggested Changes To Indian Act

Ottawa, Ont.—The House of Commons spent two hours discussing its official views on the Indians. When Hon. T. G. Murphy, Minister of the Interior, introduced a bill to amend the Indian Act, he aroused a storm of disapproval and opened a wide discussion.

The broad subject of the legal responsibility of Indians was brought up by several members, who claimed it was illegal for a red man to be immune from court action when operating an automobile on the highways.

A. W. Neil, (Ind., Comox-Alberta) asserted he knew of a case in which a white man had been run down by an Indian. Because the Indian was a ward of the government, the injured man could get no redress. Also, as the Indian received no punishment, he would feel free to go out and do the same thing again.

Mr. Murphy said an Indian using the highways was subject to provincial law, and the authorities would refuse him a license if it was found he was causing persons injury.

Mr. Murphy said the appointment of officers of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police as transit officers was so strong that that particular clause was allowed to stand over.

Canada's Third Best Market

Exports To Holland Totalled \$16,907,587 During 1932

Ottawa, Ont.—Apart from the United Kingdom and the United States, Canada's best market in 1932 was the Netherlands. Exports to Holland totalled \$16,907,587, compared with \$13,572,765 in 1931 and \$10,843,449 in 1930. Agricultural and vegetable products made up the bulk of the exports, the bureau of statistics reports.

Another European country to which there is a growing export is Belgium. Exports to Belgium totalled \$14,948,452 in 1932, compared with \$14,175,985 in 1931, and \$12,271,213 in 1930. Although in 1930 the value was greater than in 1932, the volume last year was much larger, prices being considerably lower than they were then.

Japan's Withdrawal From League Is Anticipated

Has Crossed Negotiations With Geneva In Manchurian Dispute

Tokyo, Japan.—Japan has served notice that it has ceased negotiations with the League of Nations in the Manchurian dispute, but its anticipated withdrawal from League membership was not expected for about a month.

The Tokyo Stock Exchange was closed and those of Osaka and Nagoya also were shut down, owing to a severe slump in prices, caused by indication of increasing anti-Japanese sentiment at Geneva.

It was learned on high authority the government feels withdrawal from the league would be the turning point in the empire's history.

Indian Trust Fund

Ottawa, Ont.—In five provinces of Canada the Indian trust fund has been greatly augmented since 1920, according to an answer given in the House of Commons today by Hon. T. G. Murphy, Minister of the Interior. The largest increase is in Alberta where the trust fund in 1920 stood at \$3,641,524. It is now \$5,029,899, Saskatchewan decreased from \$1,947,362 to \$1,780,401.

"EXPLORATIVE" DELEGATE

It Is Understood That The British Government Proposes To Send To The United States This Month An Expert

"Explorative" Delegation To Confer With The United States Authorities On War Debts

London, Eng.—The British government proposes to send to the United States this month an expert "explorative" delegation to confer with the United States authorities on war debts. Sir N. F. Warren Fisher, above, will probably be included in the delegation.



Although this committee had previously gone through practically the whole of the bill and prepared it for a report to the senate, all amendments relating to the proposed arbitral tribunal were only tentatively adopted pending a final decision as to whether or not any such tribunal would be set up.

Only three members of the committee opposed the tribunal. They were Senators James Murdock, John Stanfield and F. L. Belu. Senator Murdock moved an amendment that in place of an arbitral tribunal, set up by the act, the disputing companies could set up conciliation boards.

The motion was lost 14 to 3. Subsequently introduced the amendments and clauses respecting the operations of the tribunal, tentatively adopted, were confirmed.

Disbursements For Relief

Canada Has Already Paid Eleven Millions For Present Fiscal Year

Ottawa, Ont.—The Dominion has so far disbursed about \$11,000,000 on relief for the present fiscal year. Of this amount \$4,000,000 has been for direct relief. The accounts are frequently delayed and the estimate is that the relief for the year ending March 31 next will cost the federal treasury \$25,000,000. The cost for the year before was about \$46,000,000.

The total number receiving relief last month represented a high record of 1,257,262. While the number of employed receiving relief was greater in the present fiscal year than in the year previous, the cost to the Dominion will be less because most of the money this year is for direct relief instead of aided public works.

The total number receiving relief is approximately 13 per cent. of the total population.

New Air Mail Service

Ottawa, Ont.—Inauguration of a regular air mail service between Big River, Sask., and Ile a La Crosse, Sask., by way of Green Lake, Ia.

Beauval was announced today by the post office department. The service will start operation on or about March 16.

Plea For Vergin

Doubtless Ask Ottawa To Show Leniency To Leader

Brilliant, B.C.—The Union of Youth of Community Doubtless today delivered a three-barbed plea to Canadian authorities against detaining Peter Vergin, 21, monarch of all Canada's 15,000 Doubtless, as Vergin waited at the court for the next hearing of his case before Mr. Justice Humphrey Mellish.

The Doubtless youth, all Canadian-born, sent one message to Prime Minister R. B. Bennett that ended: "Be lenient, otherwise our welfare will be upon your conscience." Hon. Wesley A. Gordon, Minister of Immigration, was petitioned to stop Vergin's deportation and Mr. Justice Mellish was informed in a third telegram: "The fate of Peter Vergin is linked with the fate of 15,000 people and every harsh treatment of him is reflecting upon us all. If Peter Vergin is deported it will be great injustice."

Migration Course Turns

More People Going From Dominions To United Kingdom

London, Eng.—The course of empire migration has turned. For the first time in history, more people are now entering the United Kingdom from the Dominions than are emigrating from the United Kingdom to the Dominions.

Figures submitted in the House of Commons by J. H. Thomas, secretary of the dominion immigration committee, show an increase in the balance for the nine months ended September 30, 1932, of 23,054, made up as follows:

Canada, with Newfoundland, 17,644.

Australia, 3,847.

New Zealand, 1,464.

South Africa, 2,802.

ROOSEVELT HAS NARROW ESCAPE FROM ASSAILANT

Miami, Fla.—A gunman fired a stream of bullets at the party of President-Elect Franklin Roosevelt, wounding Mayor Anton Cermak of Chicago, and four others, but Mr. Roosevelt was unhurt.

A man giving the name of Joe Zingars of New York, was held as the shooter. Robert H. Gore, Chicago friend of Mr. Roosevelt, quoted the assailant as saying: "I kill all presidential officers." His shot hit also Mrs. Joe Gill of Miami, William Sinnott of this city; Russell Caldwell, a boy, and Miss Margaret Kees of Newark, N.J.

Mayor Cermak was hit in the chest. The bullet pierced the body and came out his back. Little hope for his life. The Chicago mayor was about 20 feet from the automobile of Mr. Roosevelt in Bayfront Park, and was approaching the machine.

Struck and momentarily stunned by the firing close to his car, Roosevelt waved to the crowd and shouted "I am all right," as he was hurried by driven away, through the confusion, bearing Cermak to a hospital. The shooting and screams of the victims created momentary pandemonium. Quiet was quickly restored, however.

Mrs. W. F. Cross of Miami, struck the shooter, as he let go with the fifth shot and shoved his elbow into the air. James W. Galloway of this city, and a policeman overpowered the man and shackled him to a car.

Mr. Roosevelt had just concluded speaking from his automobile, standing in Bayfront Park, and had sat down when the shooting opened.

Orderly crowds surrounded the city police station where the would-be assassin was taken.

The jail was just across the street from the railway station where Roosevelt's train had awaited him. Bystanders said the prisoner spoke with a decided foreign accent. Mr. Roosevelt, at the hospital, went to the bed of each of the victims before going to the yacht of Vincent Astor to spend the night.

The shooting turned a day of happiness for Roosevelt into one of tragedy. Only three hours before he had cruised into port here on the yacht, named and jovial from his falling cruise.

While deeply moved by the incident he was unharmed. He showed no excitement as his car sped away from the scene.

Gore said he heard the shooter claim that he was overpowered: "Well, I got Cermak."

NO IMMEDIATE REMEDY FOR UNEMPLOYMENT

London, Eng.—Neville Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer, told the House of Commons that reduction of unemployment to comparatively small figures could not be anticipated within the next 10 years.

The Chancellor was replying to a question of censure against the government put forward by George Lansbury, veteran Labor leader, on the ground the administration had failed to deal with the unemployment. The motion was defeated by 414 votes to 49.

Mr. Lansbury suggested unemployment could be remedied if goods were produced for the "use of mankind" and not for private profit.

Mr. Chamberlain maintained the government was on the right road toward ultimate solution of the problem with its policy of restoring confidence, raising wholesale prices, providing cheap money and encouraging international cooperation.

He agreed with Mr. Lansbury that displacement of labor was one of the greatest evils facing the world in the immediate future. The Chancellor's remark that it would be 10 years before unemployment would be "absolutely solved" had, in part, been taken from Winston Churchill, former Conservative Chancellor, a heated rejoinder that such a prospect was "absolutely absurd" and that if this were the government's last word, the outlook was very grave and lamentable.

Deines Policy As "Ruthless"

Charge Made Against Great Britain Before U.S. Senate Finance Committee

Washington, D.C.—"Ruthless policy" by Great Britain to drive down dollar prices in an effort to win war debt cancellation or reduction was charged by a group of U.S. senators before the U.S. Senate Finance Committee by Rep. Leon of New York, formerly "technical editor" of the House of Representatives "Committee" committee.

He said that through the British exchange equalization fund for purchasing gold currencies in the open market, Great Britain had the control of dollar exchange and consequently the control of U.S. prices.

"That which Britain would not for one minute countenance from U.S. was exactly what it was doing with its disastrous consequences to the open market of our economy," Leon said. "Every man, woman and child in this country is the victim of this ruthless policy."

"Debt cancellation is a necessary British's immediate objective, because," Leon continued, "if U.S. can be saddled with the debts, U.S. industry must foot the bill through future taxes."

May Visit States

Ramsay MacDonald Would Confer With Mr. Roosevelt

London, Eng.—A movement for Prime Minister Ramsay MacDonald to reach Washington about March 15 for important personal talks with Mr. Roosevelt on the broad lines of the whole future of Anglo-American policy in the field of international affairs gained strength today.

It was expected a decision on his personal mission will be reached soon after Sir Ronald Lindsay, ambassador to the United States, reaches Washington, and that it will be largely dependent upon whether Mr. Roosevelt desires Mr. MacDonald to make the trip.

U.S. To Take Action

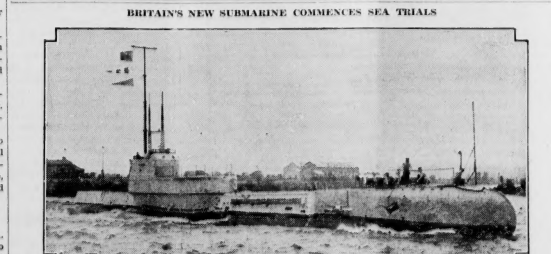
Washington.—Reversing its previous action following the effort to assassinate President-elect Roosevelt, the United States House of Representatives judiciary committee favorably reported the Reilly bill for heavy penalties on those who advocate overthrow of the government by force or resistance to federal state officials.

Acquitted

Long Beach, California. William James Goy, youthful Welsh adventurer, was acquitted on a charge of murder in the slaying of Capt. Walter Wanderwell aboard the yacht "Cats" last December 8.

Hails Farrel Sales

Berlin, Germany.—President Von Hindenburg has signed an emergency decree extending a moratorium on mortgaged estates and farms to the farms to the entire reich to provide a breathing spell until October 31.



Here we see the "Sturgeon," latest addition to the British Navy, gliding out of Gillingham Harbor for the commencement of her sea trials. She is the result of some of the best brains in the Service, and is expected to put up a good show for speed and diving reliability.

Champion Grocery

Blue Ribbon Tea, per lb. 38c
Maxwell House Coffee, per lb. 44c
Eddy Owl Matches, [3 box pkg.] 19c
Chief Roll Toilet Paper, 8 rolls for. 25c
Large Head Lettuce, 15c each or 2 for. 25c
Medium size Head Lettuce, 10c each or 3 for. 25c
Ripe Field Tomatoes, per lb. 30c
Bananas, per lb. 15c
You will find our Vegetables always in A 1 condition

E. LATIFF

Phone 14

NOTES AND COMMENT.

The ratemakers of Harmony District turned out in numbers on Saturday sufficient to indicate a widespread interest in their municipal affairs. The criticisms of the financial report were rambling on the whole they might be construed as recommending careful conservation in regards to expenditure in the near future at least. Where direct criticism was offered the explanation of the reserve and other councillors usually demolished the grounds on which the criticism was based. It would greatly facilitate matters if the ratemakers would confine their questions and arguments to matters pertaining to the municipality. On the whole this meeting developed that there was little fault to find with the council of a nature that would stand investigation, whether the ground was covered efficiently, naturally being in the hands of the ratemakers.

Attention O. O. R. P.

The next regular meeting of the O. O. R. P. will be held in the Community Hall on Tuesday evening, Mar. 7, 8:30 o'clock.
A good attendance would be appreciated.
MAUD FREEZE, Secretary



Elks Attention!

The next regular meeting of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks will be held in the Community Hall on Tuesday March 7, 8:30 o'clock.
Your attendance will be appreciated.
C. RHODES, Secretary

Herbert Cooper

Notary Public

Conveyancing
Real Estate

INSURANCE

In All Its Branches

Phone 60

Champion, - Alberta

Strayed

Boy colt with wire cut on hind leg coming 2 years old and Bay Mare weighing about 1100 with white stripe on forehead. Call at Chronicle office or see Carl Iverson.

House Warming

The new home of Mr. and Mrs. W. R. McEae was the scene of a happy affair on Friday evening, February 17, when about fifty of their friends and neighbors assembled to give them a rousing house-warming.

Rev. Dawson, by some means obtained possession of the key of the house and thus constituted himself master of ceremonies. The program began by singing O Canada, followed by a lively introduction of each guest by his left hand neighbor. After the guests had thus become well acquainted the program continued with a number of musical selections rendered very acceptably by the pupils of the school. Rev. Dawson, who must have been a pupil of Harry Lauder before he undertook the arduous task of edifying the saints and harrowing the sinners of the Champion district, sang in his usual good form, several numbers with Miss Kay, who is a bright and shining light in the community as accompanist.

The artistic ability of the community was displayed in a game of Cootie, the first prize being won by Ingram Hawthorne and the consolation by Ed. Carlson.

The guests were then set to work in four different groups to write biographies of local characters, and many dark secrets of the hidden past were revealed, while the biographers had no hesitation whatever in forecasting the future of their victims. The prize for this contest was won by Captain McDonagall's group, but the others protested it was not due to their skill as biographers, but that they had a more interesting character.

Following this contest refreshments were served and I can only do justice to this part of the program by quoting the words of a small boy who was present: "The part of the party I liked best was the supper, I ate twelve sandwiches, five pieces of cake and a piece of angel food."

After supper the program continued with musical selections by Joe and Jim McNaughton, Miss Ada Williamson and the Ladies.
Following this Mr. Higgins, who is a keen student of Biology gave an interesting and instructive address on the "Origin of the Flea."

A hearty vote of thanks was tendered Mr. and Mrs. McEae to which they replied graciously. After expressing a hope that Mr. and Mrs. McEae would have many years to enjoy their home the party broke up by the singing of Auld Lang Syne.

St. Patrick's Dance March 17

The St. Patrick's dance on Friday, March 17, under the auspices of the O.E.S. promises to be one of the popular dances of the season. Coming as it does just before spring work starts, there is every reason to anticipate a record turnout.

Mr. Chal Matlock of Balzac was a recent visitor in Champion. He was accompanied by his mother.

On Monday night J.S. Collins of the Canadian Bank of Commerce to a Lethbridge branch some months ago, has been transferred to Portland Oregon.

Little Billie Hood of Barons has been seriously ill in the Lethbridge hospital due to complications arising from a severe cold.

Every Item Means Saving

Ladies Everyday Hose In colors Sand, Sunburn, Grain, Gunmetal, per pair	19c	Brassiers Brocade and Plain Very Special, each.....	35c
White or Colored Table Oilcloth 45 inch, per yard..... 54 inch, per yard.....	45c 55c	Jap Crepe, New Shades Heavy Quality, Special per yd.	19c
Washable Floor Rugs Reversible, 24x48, each....	83c	Kapok in lb. Sacks Ideal Cushion Filler, each.	35c

Delicious Apples, per case \$1.21

Alberta Rose Flour 40 lb. sack, each.....	89c	5 String Brooms Polished Handles, good medium quality, each	31c
Chicken Grit, Calcium Carbonate 10 lbs. for.....	15c	Nice Large White Cups This week each.....	.05
Tomatoes, large 2 1-2 lb. cans Donalco Brand, each.....	11c	Royal Crown Soap 6 Bars to Carton, per carton	23c

We Pay Higher Prices for Farm Produce

McCullough Bros.

Local & General

Mr. E.S. Clemens of Sedge-wick was the guest of Rev. Dawson this week.

Mrs. Otto Hagz entertained at six tables of bridge on Tuesday night. The honors were shared by Mrs. Oscar Hagz and Mr. Oscar Hagz, consolation, Miss Donna McNaughton and L. Warren.

A delightfully arranged shower was held at the home of Mrs. Tom Sietto on Friday, in honor of Miss Ona Miller, who was married Tuesday to Mr. Mayors of Staveland. Miss Miller was the recipient of many beautiful gifts.

Manly Mallock had a minor operation in the Vulcan hospital on Friday, in preparation for a major operation at a later date. His condition is favorable.

Word received from Glen Goodnight this week, who is in the Vulcan hospital, following an operation for ruptured appendix, would indicate that he is making progress towards a satisfactory recovery.

Protect Yourself

That Merchandise and cash hungry class, commonly known as the Light Fingers Gentry have paid another visit to our fair Village. Why not protect with a ten spot and be fully reimbursed for your loss in case these fellows decide to make you their next host.

BD. FISHER

Wanted

Veterinary work—Fix Horses Teeth—Apply, A. B. Beisenger, Vulcan.

FOR \$140 will ship you 10 lbs. choice best tobacco, mild or strong, - 50 lbs. for \$65. Agents wanted. Dubois, 15 Henderson, Ottawa.



"Worth making a noise about"

Champion Dramatic Society
Presents

"The Nut Farm" Friday March 3rd

A Comedy in Three Acts
By JOHN C. BROWNELL
CHARACTERS

MRS. BANTON	Miss M. Cameron
WILLIE BANTON	H. F. Cool
ROBERT BENT	J. D. Henderson
EZRA SLIMCOCK	M. P. Hamilton
HELEN BENT	Miss M. Cook
AGATHA SLIMCOCK	Miss M. Fath
HAMILTON T. HOLLAND	O. M. Campbell
J. CLARENCE BIDDEFORD	Dou Campbell
HAROLD VAN HORTON	Edwin Fisher
HELEN	Miss A. Williamson

SYNOPSIS OF SCENES

- ACT I. Living room in the Nut House. Late afternoon.
"The Plotting"
ACT II. The same. Three hours later.
"The Swinging"
(Note: The Curtain will be lowered for a few seconds in Act II to denote the passing of two hours.)
ACT III. The same. One month later.

TIME: The Present. PLACE: Southern California.
(Produced by special arrangement with Samuel French, of New York.